**Woodwinds**

* Embouchure staff. The rhythm printed above the staff corresponds to a change in at least one of the parameters described below. In addition, the rhythm indicates articulations of the airstream by the tongue.
  + Vertical dimension → air pressure
  + Gray value of circle note head → lip pressure/tension
    - White → open embouchure (just air)
* Fingering tablature. Left and right hand fingerings have independent rhythms. The tablature is modeled after standard woodwind fingering diagrams. The six main keys are indicated by circle note heads on a six-line staff. Partial coverings and half-depressed keys are shown by a half-filled circle. Lifelines extending from the note heads show the durations keys are to be depressed. Side, thumb, register, etc. keys are notated with text indications.

**Trombone**

* Embouchure staff. The rhythm printed above the staff corresponds to a change in at least one of the parameters described below. In addition, the rhythm indicates articulations of the airstream by the tongue.
  + Vertical dimension → air pressure
  + Gray value of circle note head → lip pressure/tension
    - White → open embouchure (just air)
* Slide position staff.
  + Vertical dimension → slide position (staff lines show seven standard positions)

**Guitar (tuned EACFAE, in just intonation – C fundamental)**

* Picking/plucking staff.
  + Vertical dimension → location on string (low → close to fingerboard; high → close to bridge)
  + Gray value of circle notehead → picking/plucking force
  + Roman numerals under rhythm notation → string indices
  + Zig-zag style line → tremolo/roll technique
* Fretting tablature. Like common guitar tablature.
  + Diamond shapes next to fret numbers → natural harmonics

**Bowed strings**

* String space staff. Bowing and left hand fingering directions are shown on a single staff whose vertical dimension represents the length of the string (low → near the nut; high → near the bridge). A light grey horizontal line shows the halfway point (also first harmonic) and a darker grey line indicates the end of the fingerboard. Bowing rhythms are shown above the staff and fingering rhythms are shown below.
  + Bowing information
    - Gray value of circle note head → bow pressure
    - Roman numerals under the bowing rhythm indicate which strings to activate.
  + Fingering information
    - Gray value of circle note head → finger pressure (white → light, harmonic pressure; black → fully depressed to fingerboard)